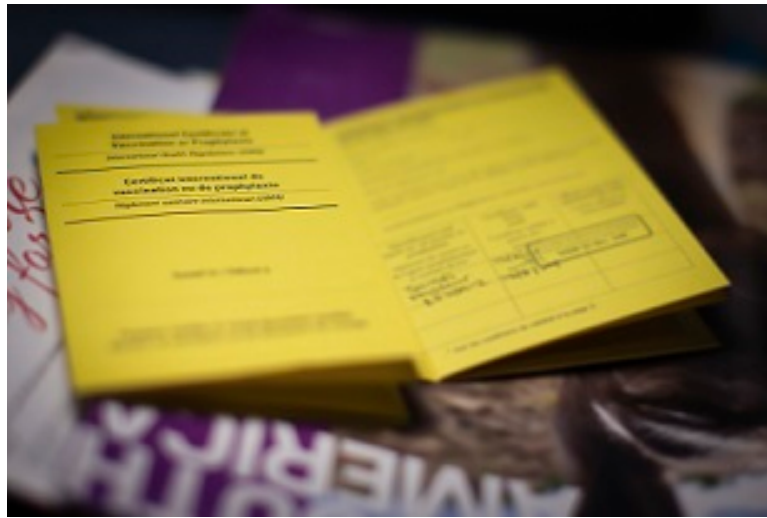


Yellow fever

Yellow fever is a viral disease transmitted by mosquitoes causing a spectrum of disease from mild to severe symptoms



Yellow fever (YF) is a vaccine preventable viral infection transmitted predominantly by certain species of day biting mosquitoes. YF virus can cause an illness that results in jaundice (yellowing of the skin and eyes) and bleeding, with severe damage to the major organs. The death rate is high in those who develop severe disease.

YF is a risk in tropical parts of Africa, South America, eastern Panama in Central America and Trinidad in the Caribbean. Areas with a risk of YF transmission are countries (or areas within countries) where mosquito species known to transmit the disease are present and where the infection is reported in monkeys and/or humans.

Yellow fever is rare in western travellers. The last reported case in the UK was acquired by a laboratory technician working with the virus in London in the 1930s. There were six recorded deaths from YF in non-vaccinated European and American travellers between 1996 and 2010.

The risk of contracting YF is determined by the following factors:

- Travel destination.
- Intensity of YF transmission in the area to be visited.
- Season of travel (most cases in travellers have occurred in the late rainy season to early dry season).
- Duration of travel.
- Activities allowing exposure to mosquitoes.
- Immunisation status.

In order to prevent the international spread of YF, under International Health Regulations, countries may require proof of vaccination, recorded in an International Certificate of Vaccination or Prophylaxis (ICVP). Country specific certificate requirements can be found in our [Country Information pages](#).

Prevention

Those visiting YF risk areas should practise meticulous mosquito bite avoidance.

Yellow fever vaccine

A highly effective live YF vaccine is available and in general vaccination is recommended for all persons visiting countries where there is a risk of YF virus transmission. Very rarely yellow fever vaccination is associated with serious adverse reactions. Prior to vaccination a careful risk assessment is required that takes into account:

- risk of disease to the individual
- certificate requirements for vaccination according to international health regulations
- risk of complications following vaccination

Vaccine schedule

Vaccine	Schedule	Age range
Stamaril®	Single dose	Minimum age 9 months. Seek medical advice for infants 6-8 months who are travelling to high risk area

Contraindications

YF vaccine should not be given to the following:

- Infants less than six months.
- Persons with a confirmed anaphylactic reaction to a previous dose of YF vaccine.
- Persons with a confirmed anaphylactic reaction to any of the components of the vaccine.
- Persons with a confirmed anaphylactic reaction to egg.
- Persons who are immunocompromised due to a congenital condition, disease process or treatment.
- Persons with a history of a thymus disorder.

Precautions

For those with a febrile illness (fever) or who are acutely unwell, YF vaccination should be postponed until full recovery.

Where travel to YF risk areas is unavoidable, YF vaccination may be considered for the following groups (expert opinion may be advisable, see resources below for details on adverse events):

- Breast feeding women
- Infants age six to eight months
- Individuals age 60 years and older
- HIV-infected individuals (with a CD4 count greater than 200 and a suppressed viral load, specialist advice should be sought)
- Pregnant women

Length of protection

With some exceptions, protection from YF vaccination lasts for at least 35 years, and could be life-long. Reinforcing immunisation (booster dose) should be offered to those needing a valid ICVP and a small subset of

travellers who may be at continued risk see [Public Health England guidance](#). Until 10 July 2016, the International Health Regulations (2005) state that the period of validity of the ICVP for yellow fever vaccination is ten years from the date that the vaccination is effective. Individual country certificate requirements should be checked on our [Country Information pages](#).

Resources

- More detailed information can be found in our [Yellow fever factsheet](#).
- [Public Health England: Immunisation against infectious disease. Yellow fever.](#)
- Further details on yellow fever vaccine can be found on the [Summary of Product Characteristics \(SPC\) on the electronic Medicines Compendium](#)
- [Yellow fever information leaflet for travellers](#)